

FLAG OFFICIAL PLAYING RULES



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RULES

I. Game

1. At the start of each game, captains from both teams meet at midfield and play paper, rock, scissors to determine who starts with the ball. The visiting team calls the toss. **All players must be able to pull their own flags and re-insert them at this time. If they need help, they may ask one of the referees. No parents or coaches can help re-insert the flags.**
2. The winner of the coin toss has the choice of offense or defense. The loser of the coin toss has the choice of direction. Possession changes to start the second half to the team that started the game on defense. No deferring to second half
3. The offensive team takes possession of the ball at its 5-yard line and has **four (4)** plays to cross midfield. Once a team crosses midfield, it has **four (4)** plays to score a touchdown. Teams have the option to punt which places the ball on opposing teams 5-yard line.
4. All possession changes, except interceptions **and turn over on downs**, start on the offense's 5-yard line unless offensive team is stopped inside the defense's 5-yard line. The new offensive series will start at the 5-yard line
5. Teams change sides after the first half. Possession changes to the team that started the game on defense.
6. **Rec League only:** Coaches are expected to do their best to give each player fair and balanced playing time throughout the season.



II. Terminology

Boundary Lines	The outer perimeter lines around the field. They include the sidelines and back of the end zone lines.
Line of Scrimmage	(LOS) an imaginary line running through the point of the football and across the width of the field.
Line-to-Gain	The line the offense must pass to get a first down or score.
Rush Line	An imaginary line running across the width of the field seven yards (into the defensive side) from the line of scrimmage.
Offense	The team with possession of the ball.
Defense	The team opposing the offense to prevent it from advancing the ball.
Passer	The offensive player that throws the ball and may or may not be the quarterback.
Rusher	The defensive player assigned to rush the quarterback to prevent him/ her from passing the ball by pulling his/her flags or by blocking the pass.
Downs (1-2-3)	The offensive team has three attempts or “downs” to advance the ball. It must cross the line to gain to get another set of downs or to score.
Live Ball	Refers to the period of time that the play is in action. Generally used in regard to penalties. Live ball penalties are considered part of the play and must be enforced before the down is considered complete.
Dead Ball	Refers to the period of time immediately before or after a play.
Whistle	Sound made by an official using a whistle that signifies the end of the play or a stop in the action for a timeout, halftime or the end of the game.
Inadvertent Whistle	Official's whistle that is performed in error.
Charging	An illegal movement of the ball-carrier directly at a defensive player who has established position on the field. This includes lowering the head or initiating contact with a shoulder, forearm or the chest.
Flag Guarding	An illegal act by the ball-carrier to prevent a defender from pulling the ball-carrier's flags by stiff arm, lowering elbow or head or by blocking access to the runner's flags with a hand or arm.
Shovel Pass	A legal pitch attempted beyond the line of scrimmage.
Lateral	A backward or sideways toss of the ball by the ball-carrier.
Unsportsmanlike Conduct	A rude, confrontational or offensive behavior or language.

III. Eligibility

1. All players must be registered with kidsinc.org and assigned to the correct team in their appropriate grade division.

IV. Equipment

The league provides each player with an official flag belt and NFL FLAG team jersey. Teams can use their own footballs. Kindergarten - 3rd grade use a PeeWee ball -- 4th - 6th grade use a Junior ball. 7th & 8th Grade will use a Youth ball. Teams that use their own football must make sure the football doesn't match the jersey color with the intent to deceive the opposing team.

Players must wear shoes. Cleats may not be allowed at certain locations. This will be specified if needed. No metal cleats.

Players may tape their forearms, hands and fingers. Players may wear gloves, elbow pads and knee pads. If you have a player with the need to wear a brace or cast it will need to be approved by the league office. Stick-em is illegal.

Players must remove all jewelry.

Players' jerseys must be tucked into shorts or pants if they hang below the belt line.

We recommend players wear shorts or pants that do not have pockets. Shorts or pants with belt loops or pockets must be taped. Games will not be delayed for a player to tape up pockets.

- a. **Flag belts cannot be the same color as shorts or pants.**

Mouth guards and soft-shell helmets are encouraged but not required



V. Field

1. The field dimensions are 30 yards by 70 yards with two 10-yard end zones, and a midfield line-to-gain. No-run zones precede each line-to gain by 5 yards.
2. No-run zones are in place to prevent teams from conducting power run plays. While in the no-run zones (a 5-yard imaginary zone before midfield and before the end zone), teams cannot run the ball in any fashion. **All plays must be forward pass plays, beyond the line of scrimmage.**
3. Stepping on the boundary line is considered out of bounds.
4. Each offensive team approaches only TWO no-run zones in each drive (one zone 5 yards from midfield to gain the first down, and one zone 5 yards from the goal line to score a TD).
5. **Rule doesn't apply in K & 1st Grade**

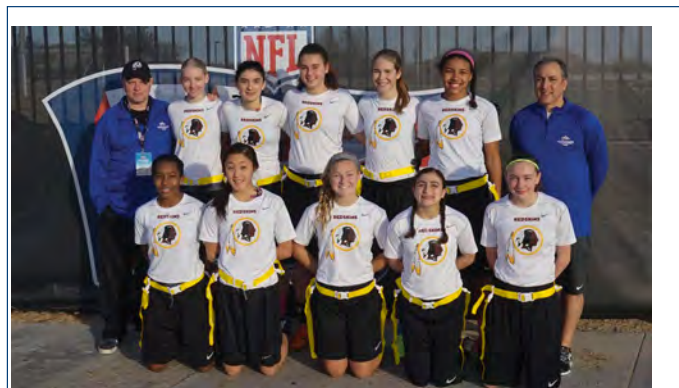


VI. Rosters

Home teams wear dark color jerseys. **If the jersey colors are the same the home team chooses.**

Teams must consist of at least five players with a maximum of **10 players.**

Teams must start games with a minimum of five players. In the event of an injury, a team with insufficient substitute players may play with four players on the field but no fewer than four.



Passing

1. All passes must be from behind the line of scrimmage, thrown forward and received beyond the line of scrimmage
 - a. The quarterback may throw the ball away to avoid a sack. Pass must go beyond the line of scrimmage.
2. Shovel passes are allowed but **not inside the "No Run" zone.**
3. The quarterback has a seven-second "pass clock." If a pass is not thrown within the seven seconds, the play is dead, the down is consumed and the ball is returned to the line of scrimmage. Once the ball is handed off, the 7-second rule is no longer in effect.
 - a. If the QB is standing in the end zone at the end of the 7-second clock, the ball is returned to the line of scrimmage (LOS). **Refs are only allowed to count down the 7-second clock. This is not a safety.**
4. **Double passes are allowed "outside of no run zone" as long as the first pass is thrown laterally before a forward pass behind the LOS.**

Receiving

- 1 All players are eligible to receive passes (including the quarterback if the ball has been handed off behind the line of scrimmage).
- 2 Only one player is allowed in motion at a time. All motion must be parallel to the line of scrimmage and no motion is permitted toward the line of scrimmage.
- 3 A player must have at least one foot inbounds when making a reception.
- 4 **In the case of simultaneous possession by both an offensive and defensive player, possession is awarded to the offense.**
- 5 **An interception Inside one's own touchdown or inside the 5-yard line will result in a change of possession. If the interception return fails to be returned past the 5-yard line the ball will be placed on the 5-yard line for start of new offensive series. Please note that if a player leaves the end zone, returns to it, and then has their flag pulled, it will result in a safety.**
- 6 Interceptions change the possession of the ball at the point of interception.
- 7 **Interceptions are returnable even on extra point attempts. Will result in 2 points.**



VII. Timing and Overtime

1. Games are played on a 40 minute continuous clock with two 20 minute halves. **Clock stops only for timeouts or injuries and on dead balls in the last 2 minutes of the second half.**
For Select League only: If a team is up by 35 points or more the clock will not stop for the second half.
2. **Halftime is five minutes or less, refs may adjust for scheduling purposes.**
3. Each time the ball is spotted, a team has 30 seconds to snap the ball. Teams will receive one warning before a delay-of-game penalty is enforced.
4. Each team has **two** 30-second timeout per half.
5. Officials can stop the clock at their discretion.
6. In the event of an injury, the clock will stop then restart when the injured player is removed from the field of play.
7. **Applies only to the end of season tournaments in select league:** If the score is tied at the end of 40 minutes, an overtime period will be used to determine a winner. **Overtime format** is as follows:
 - a. A coin flip will determine the team that chooses to be on offense or defense first.
 - i. If a second round of overtime must be played, the team that lost the coin toss will get to choose offense or defense for the start of the second round of overtime. This process continues with teams alternating who gets to choose to be on offense or defense to start out during every round of overtime.
 - ii. The referee will determine which end of the field the overtime will take place on.
 - b. Each team will take turns getting one (1) play from the defense's 5-yard line for one point or the defense's 10-yard line for two points. Whether to go for one or two points is up to the offensive team. Whether or not the team that begins on offense converts the team that started on defense gets a chance on offense to win or tie by converting a one- or two-point play of their own.
 - i. Example: Team A starts on offense and chooses to go for one point from the 5-yard line and is successful. Team B is then on offense and can choose to either go for one point from the 5-yard line to tie and force a second round of overtime or to go for two points from the 10-yard line for the win.
 - ii. If the second team on offense in an overtime round fails to beat or match the team that went first, the team that went first wins.
 - c. Both teams must "go for two" from the 10-yard line starting with the 3rd OT.
 - d. All regulation period rules and penalties are in effect.
 - e. There are no timeouts. Not a timed period.
 - f. **No overtime in the regular season**

VIII. Scoring

Touchdown: 6 points

PAT (point after touchdown) **1 point** (5-yard line) or **2 points** (10-yard line)

- Note: 1 point PAT is pass only; 2 point PAT can be run or pass. **Not enforced in Kindergarten.**
- A team that scores a touchdown must declare whether it wishes to attempt a 1-point conversion (from the 5-yard line) or a 2-point conversion (from the 10-yard line).
- If the ball is intercepted the PAT is returnable for 2 points.**

Safety: 2 points

- A safety occurs when the ball-carrier is declared down in his/her own end zone. Runners can be called down when their flags are pulled by a defensive player, they step out of bounds, their knee or arm touches the ground, a fumble occurs in the end zone or if a snapped ball lands in or beyond the end zone. A 7 second violation in the end zone does not result in a safety; just lose of down. See rule 3a under passing**
- Not enforced in Kindergarten. Ball will be placed on the 5-yard line unless the original line of scrimmage is within the 5-yard line.**

For Select League: Forfeits are scored 28-0 for the winning team.

IX. Coaches

Coaches are expected to adhere to NFL FLAG philosophies, coaching guidelines and code of conduct.

No coach allowed on defense in 5th/6th grade.

Only 1 coach on the field at a time & 1 coach on the bench with the team. 2 coaches total.

Parents may not sit in the player and coach bench areas. These areas are marked.

7th and 8th grade coaches are not allowed on the field at all



**** Only coaches that have signed the code of conduct or were included as an assistant are allowed on field and player bench area.**

X. Live Ball/Dead Ball

1. The ball is live at the snap of the ball and remains live until the official whistles the ball dead.
2. The official will indicate the neutral zone and line of scrimmage.
 - a. It is an automatic dead ball foul if any player on offense enters the neutral zone. In regard to the neutral zone, the official may give both teams a “courtesy” neutral zone notification to allow their players to move back behind the line of scrimmage.
3. A player who gains possession in the air is considered inbounds as long as one foot comes down in the field of play.
4. The defense may not mimic the offensive team signals by trying to confuse the offensive players, while the quarterback is calling out signals to start the play. This will result in an unsportsmanlike conduct penalty.
5. Substitutions may be made on any dead ball.
6. Any official can whistle the play dead.
7. Play is ruled “dead” when:
 - a. The ball hits the ground.
 - b. If the ball hits the ground as a result of a bad snap, the ball is then placed where the ball hit the ground.
 - c. The ball-carrier’s flag is pulled.
 - d. The ball-carrier steps out of bounds.
 - e. A touchdown, PAT or safety is scored.
 - f. The ball-carrier’s knee or arm hits the ground.
 - g. The 7 second pass clock expires.
 - h. Inadvertent whistle.



NOTE: There are no fumbles. The ball is spotted where **it lands** at the time of the fumble.

8. In the case of an inadvertent whistle, the offense has two options:
 - a. Take the ball where it was when the whistle blew, and the down is consumed.
 - b. Replay the down from the original line of scrimmage.

XI. Running

- 1 The spot is determined by where the ball is when the flag is pulled. Not the location of the flag pull.
- 2 The quarterback cannot directly run with the ball. The quarterback is the offensive player who receives the snap.
- 3 Only direct handoffs behind the line of scrimmage are permitted. Handoffs may be in front, behind or to the side of the offensive player but must be behind the line of scrimmage. The offense may use multiple handoffs.

a“Center sneak” play is no longer allowed. The QB is not allowed to handoff to the center on the first handoff of the play.

- 4 One lateral is allowed beyond the line of scrimmage. Must be a toss..
- 5 No-run Zones are located 5 yards before each end zone and 5 yards on either side of midfield are designed to avoid short-yardage power-running situations. Teams are not allowed to run in these zones if the subsequent line is LIVE. (Reminder: Each offensive team approaches only TWO no-run zones in each drive – one 5 yards from midfield to gain the first down and one 5 yards from the goal line to score a TD). Does not apply to Kindergarten & 1st Grade.
- 6 Any player who receives a handoff can throw the ball from behind the line of scrimmage.
- 7 Once the ball has been handed off in front, behind or to the side of the quarterback, all defensive players are eligible to rush.
- 8 Runners may not leave their feet to advance the ball. Diving, leaping or jumping to avoid a flag pull is considered flag guarding.
- 9 Spinning is allowed, but players cannot leave their feet to avoid a flag pull. Jump cuts are okay, these explosive change in direction where the player laterally shifts to avoid a defender.
- 10 Players spinning out of control will be called for flag guarding.
- 11 Runners may leave their feet if there is a clear indication that he/she has done so to avoid collision with another player without a flag guarding penalty enforced.
- 12 No blocking or “screening” is allowed at any time.
- 13 Players without the ball may run down-field as long as there is not intent to block, screen, or intentionally impede.
- 14 Flag obstruction – All jerseys MUST be tucked in before play begins. The flags must be on the player’s hips and free from obstruction. Deliberately obstructed flags will be considered flag guarding. Refs may ask to put flags on hips, please help this happen.



XIV. Rushing the Passer

1. All players who rush the passer must be a minimum of seven yards from the line of scrimmage when the ball is snapped. Any number of players can rush the quarterback. Players not rushing the quarterback can defend on the line of scrimmage.
2. Once the ball is handed off, the seven-yard rule no longer is in effect and all defenders may go behind the line of scrimmage.
3. A special marker, or the referee, will designate a rush line seven yards from the line of scrimmage. Defensive players should verify they are in the correct position with the official on every play.
 - a. A legal rush is:
 - i. Any rush from a point 7 yards from the defensive line of scrimmage.
 - ii. A rush from anywhere on the field AFTER the ball has been handed off by the quarterback.
 - iii. If a rusher leaves the rush line early (breaks the 7 yard area), they may return to the rush line, reset and then legally rush the quarterback.
 - iv. If a rusher leaves the rush line early and the ball is handed off before he/she crosses the line of scrimmage, he/she may legally rush the quarterback.
 - b. A penalty may be called if:
 - i. The rusher leaves the rush line before the snap and crosses the line of scrimmage before a handoff or pass – illegal rush (5 yards from the line of scrimmage and first down).
 - ii. Any defensive player crosses the line of scrimmage before the ball is snapped – offsides (5 yards from line of scrimmage and first down).
 - iii. Any defensive player not lined up at the rush line crosses the line of scrimmage before the ball is passed or handed off – illegal rush (5 yards from the line of scrimmage and first down).
 - c. Special circumstances:
 - i. Teams are not required to rush the quarterback with the seven second clock in effect.
 - ii. Teams are not required to identify their rusher before the play.
4. Players rushing the quarterback may attempt to block a pass; however, NO **contact** can be made with the quarterback in any way. Blocking the pass or attempting to block the pass and then making contact with the passer will result in a roughing the passer penalty.

Contact is defined as any physical action that includes jarring, slapping, hitting, or any form of forceful impact directed at a quarterback from a rusher. This includes, but is not limited to, deliberate or accidental body collisions, pushing, or using hands, arms, or any part of the body to make forceful contact with an opponent.

Ultimately, this is a judgment call by the referee, who will also be watching for any instances of acting or exaggerated reactions intended to draw a penalty which will not be a penalty.
5. It is the rusher's responsibility to avoid contact with receivers running routes while pursuing the quarterback. However, incidental contact may occur. If any contact initiated by an offensive player is deemed intentional or obstructive, it will result in an impeding the rusher penalty. Conversely, if contact initiated by the rusher on a receiver is deemed intentional or obstructive, it will result in a defensive unnecessary roughness penalty. The referee will use their judgment to assess any potential infractions related to this rule.
6. A sack occurs if the quarterback's flags are pulled behind the line of scrimmage.
 - a. A safety is awarded if the sack takes place in the offensive team's end zone.

XV. Flag Pulling

1. A legal flag pull takes place when the ball-carrier is in full possession of the ball.
2. Defenders can dive to pull flags but cannot tackle, hold or run through the ball-carrier when pulling flags.
3. Pushing or shoving above the waist to force the ball carrier out of bounds will result in a defensive unnecessary roughness penalty.
4. Grabbing the ball carrier's shorts or jersey and not letting go will result in an illegal flag pulling penalty.
5. It is illegal to attempt to strip or pull the ball from the ball-carrier's possession at any time.
6. If a player's flag inadvertently falls off during the play, the player is down after he is touched.
7. A defensive player may not intentionally pull the flags off of a player who is not in possession of the ball.
8. Flag guarding is an attempt by the ball-carrier to obstruct the defender's access to the flags by stiff arming, dropping the head, hand, arm or shoulder or intentionally covering the flags with the



XVI. Formations

1. Offenses must have a minimum of one player on the line of scrimmage (the center) and up to four players on the line of scrimmage. The quarterback must be off the line of scrimmage.
 - a. One player at a time may go in motion parallel to the line of scrimmage.
 - b. No motion is allowed toward the line of scrimmage.
2. Movement by a player who is set or a player who runs toward the line of scrimmage while in motion is considered a false start.
3. The center must snap the ball with a rapid and continuous motion between his/her legs to a player in the backfield, and the ball must completely leave his/her hands. **No moving the ball prior to the snap - false start will be called.**

XVII. Unsportsmanlike Conduct

1. If the field monitor or referee witnesses any acts of intentional tackling, elbowing, cheap shots, blocking or any unsportsmanlike act, the game will be stopped and the player will be ejected from the game. The decision is made at the referee's discretion. No appeals will be considered. **FOUL PLAY WILL NOT BE TOLERATED!**
2. **Offensive or confrontational language is not allowed. Officials have the right to determine offensive language. If offensive or confrontational language occurs, the referee will give one warning. If it continues, the players or coaches will be ejected from the game.**
3. Players, Coaches, or Parents may not physically or verbally abuse any opponent, coach or official.
4. Ball-carriers MUST make an effort to avoid defenders with an established position.
5. Defenders are not allowed to run through the ball-carrier when pulling flags.
6. Fans must also adhere to good sportsmanship as well:
 - a. Yell to cheer on your players, not to harass officials or other teams.
 - b. Keep comments clean and profanity free.
 - c. Compliment ALL players, not just one child or team.
7. Fans are required to keep fields safe and kids friendly:
 - a. Keep younger kids and equipment such as coolers, chairs and tents a minimum of 10 yards off the field in the end zone area.
 - b. Stay in the end zone area, not between fields.
 - c. Dispose of ALL trash in designated trash cans.
 - d. **Fans are not allowed in player & coaches areas or on the field at any time during the game.**
8. Unsportsmanlike conduct penalties:
 - a. Defense + 10 yards from line of scrimmage and automatic first down
 - b. Offense - 10 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down
9. **If a coach is ejected from the game then they will be suspended for the next game and must referee one game before returning to the field.**

XVIII. Penalties

i. General

1. The referee will call all penalties.
2. Referees determine incidental contact that may result from normal run of play.
3. All penalties will be assessed from the line of scrimmage, except as noted. (Spot fouls)
4. Only the team captain or head coach may ask the referee questions about rule clarification and interpretations. Players may not question calls.
5. Games may not end on a defensive penalty unless the offense declines it.
6. Penalties are assessed live ball then dead ball. Live ball penalties must be assessed before play is considered complete.
7. Penalties will be assessed half the distance to the goal yardage when the penalty yardage is more than half the distance to the goal.

ii. Defensive spot fouls

Defensive pass interference	Automatic first down
Holding	Automatic first down
Stripping	+10 yards and automatic first down

iii. Offensive spot fouls

Screening, blocking or running with the ball	-10 yards and loss of down
Charging	-10 yards and loss of down
Flag guarding	-10 yards and loss of down

iv. Defensive penalties

Defensive unnecessary roughness	+10 yards and automatic first down
Defensive Unsportsmanlike conduct	+10 yards and automatic first down
Offside	+5 yards from line of scrimmage and automatic first down
Illegal rush (Starting rush from inside 7-yard marker)	+5 yards from line of scrimmage and automatic first down
Illegal flag pull	+5 yards from line of scrimmage and automatic first down
Roughing the passer	+5 yards from line of scrimmage and automatic first down
Taunting	+5 yards from line of scrimmage and automatic first down

v. Offensive penalties

Offensive unnecessary roughness	-10 yards and loss of down
Offensive unsportsmanlike conduct	-10 yards and loss of down
Offside / false start	-5 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down
Illegal forward pass (Any pass received or lands behind the line of scrimmage or throwing a pass after crossing the line of scrimmage)	-5 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down
Offensive pass interference	-5 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down
Illegal motion (More than one person moving)	-5 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down
Delay of game	-5 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down
Impeding the rusher	-5 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down
Illegal Procedure	-5 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down

XVIII. Standings

Standings Ranking

Teams are ranked by League Points, awarded as follows:

Win = 2 points

Tie = 1 point

Loss = 0 points

Two Teams Tied

If two teams are tied in League Points, the following tiebreakers are applied in order:

1. Most Wins
2. Head-to-Head result
3. Capped Point Differential (maximum +14 / minimum -14 per game)
4. Random Draw

If the two teams did not play each other, skip Head-to-Head and proceed to Capped Point Differential.

Three or More Teams Tied

If three or more teams are tied in League Points, the following tiebreakers are applied in order:

1. Most Wins
2. Head-to-Head among the tied teams: If one team defeated **all** of the other tied teams, that team is ranked highest. The remaining tied teams are then re-evaluated among themselves using the same process. If no team defeated all of the other tied teams, skip this step and proceed to Capped Point Differential.
3. Capped Point Differential (maximum +14 / minimum -14 per game)
4. Random Draw